

## **TECHNICAL DATA SHEET**

Realease	0 17.6.2019
Nature of mod.	First issue
Author	RQ
Mod	CPO/ST Rev.2 del 17/06/2019

A.V.Saldature code FH50

ISO 17672:2016 Filler metal ISO 17672-Cup 182

EN 1044: CP 201

EN ISO 3677: B Cu 92 P 710/770

AWS A 5.8:

Chemical Composition ( % )										
	Cu	Р	Ag	Sn	Other elements					
A.V.	Min. Max.	Min. Max.	Min. Max.	Min. Max.	Min. Max.					
FH50	Rest	7,5 8,1								

NOTE Maximum impurity limits applicable to all types are (% by mass) Al 0,001, Bi 0,030, P 0,008, Pb 0,025; total of all impurities = 0,15; total of all impurities for Ag 427, Ag 449 and Ag 485 = 0,30.

Working temperature<sup>i</sup>: 730°C
Melting range: 710/770°C
Specific gravity: 8,1 g/cm³
Tensile strength: 250 N/mm²

Elongation: 5%

## Characteristics / Applications:

Copper phosphorus brazing alloy with good proprieties and capillarity. Ideal for copper to copper joint and copper alloys. Joint brazing at working temperature between -20°C and + 150°C. Do not use in sulphurous environment and on Fe or Ni alloys

#### Heat sources:

Acetylene torch, air-gas torch, induction and resistance heating

Flux: Cu P alloy does not need flux on Cu to Cu, liquid flux into vaporizer can remove the oxide and leave a better aspect of the joint.

On brass alloy D4 D26 D60 DK

# TECHNICAL SUPPLYING CONDITION ACCORDING WITH INTERNATIONAL STANDARD ISO 17672:2016

## **Availability**

Rods	Coated Rods	Wire	Foil	Perform	Powder	Paste
X		X	X	X		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Unlike the majority of filler metals in this International Standard, which only flow satisfactorily at, around or above the liquidus, most copper phosphorus filler metals are sufficiently fluid for brazing at a temperature significantly below the liquidus.